Functional Mobility & Wheelchair Assessment ©

PATIENT INFORMATION:

Name:		DOB:	1	1	Sex:	M/F	Date:	1	1	Time:
Address:	Physici Phone:	an:								was present and evaluation
Phone:	Therapi	ist:								
	Phone:						Signature			
Spouse/Parent/Caregiver name:	Insuran	nce/Payer:								
	Primary:						Print name			
Phone:	,						Vendor:			
Thore.	Seconda	iry:					Phone:			
Phone:	Tertiary:									
Reason for referral:										
Patient goals:										
Caregiver goals and specific limitations that may	affect car	e:								

HOME ENVIRONMENT:

□House □Condo/town home □Apartment □/	Asst living ILTCF IOwn IR	ent
Lives alone Lives with others -		Hours <u>without</u> assistance:
Home is accessible to patient Comments:	Storage of wheelchair: ☐In home	☐Other

COMMUNITY :

TRANSPORTATION:					
Car IVan Public Transportation Adapted w/c Lift Ambulance Other:	Sits in wheelchair during transport				
Where is w/c stored during transport?	Tie Downs D EZ Lock D				
Self-Driver Drive while in Wheelchair Dyes Ono					
Employment and/or school:					
Specific requirements pertaining to mobility					
Other:					

COMMUNICATION:

Verbal Communication	WFL receptive WFL	Lexpressive DUnderstandable DDifficult to understand Dnon-communicative
Primary Language:	2 nd :	Communication provided by: Patient I Family Caregiver Translator
Uses an augmentativ	e communication device	Manufacturer/Model :

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Name: MEDICAL HISTORY:

Diagnosis:	Diagnosis Code:	Primary Diag	nosis:	Diagnosis Code:	Diagnosis:		
	Diagnosis Code:	Onset: Diagnosis:		Diagnosis Code:	Diagnosis:		
Progressive	e disease	Relevant future s	Irgeries:				
Height:		Weight:	Explain recent changes or tre	nds in weight:			
History:		I					
Cardio Status	5:	Functional Limitation	ons:				
Intact I Ir	Intact I Impaired						
Respiratory S	Status:	Functional Limitation	ons:				
□Intact □In	Intact Impaired ISOB COPD O2 DependentLPM Ventilator Dependent						
Resp equip:	Resp equip: Objective Measure(s):						
Orthotics:	Orthotics:						
Amputee:			Prosthesis:				

MOBILITY/BALANCE:

Sitting Balance	Standing Balance	Transfers	Ambulation
🗖 WFL	🗖 WFL	Independent	Independent
Uses UE for balance in sitting Comments:	Uses UE/device for stability Comments:	☐ Min assist	Ambulates independently with device:
		☐ Mod assist	Able to ambulate feet safely/functionally/independently
☐ Min assist	☐ Min assist	☐ Max assist	Non-functional ambulator History/High risk of falls
☐ Mod assist	☐ Mod assist	Dependent	Unable to ambulate
🗖 Max assist	🗖 Max assist	Transfer method: 🗖 1 person 🗖 2	person 🗖 sliding board 🗖 squat pivot
🗖 Unable	🗖 Unable	☐stand pivot ☐mechanical patie	ent lift 🔲 other:
Fall History: # of falls in the pas	st 6 months?	_# of "near" falls in the past 6 m	onths?

CURRENT SEATING / MOBILITY:

Current Mobility Device: None Cane/Walker Manual Dependent Dependent w/ Tilt Scooter Power (type of control):					
Manufacturer:	Model:	Serial #:			
Size:	Color:	Age:			
Purchased by whom:					
Current condition of mobility base:					
Current seating system: Age of seating system:					
Describe posture in present seating system:					
Is the current mobility meeting medical necessity?: □Yes □No					
Describe:					

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Ability to complete Mobility-Related Activities of Daily Living (MRADL's) with *Current Mobility Device*:

Move room to room	Independent	☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable	Comments:			
Meal prep	Independent	☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
Feeding	Independent	☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
Bathing	Independent	☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
Grooming	Independent	☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
UE dressing	Independent	☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
LE dressing	Independent	☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
Toileting	Toileting Independent Min Mod Max assist Unable						
Bowel Mgt: Continent Incontinent Accidents IDiapers Colostomy Bowel Program							
Bladder Mgt: Contine	Bladder Mgt: Continent Incontinent Accidents Diapers Urinal Intermittent Cath Indwelling Cath Supra-pubic Cath						

Current Mobility Equipment Trialed/ Does not meet mobility needs due to: **Ruled Out:** Mark all boxes that indicate inability to use the specific equipment listed Meets needs for safe Risk of Enviro-Safety Decreased / Decreased / Pain Pace / Cardiac Contra – independent Falling mental Cognition concerns limitations limitations and/or indicated Speed functional or limitawith endurance motor skills respiratory by diagnosis History condition tions physical & strength & ambulation / of Falls coordination mobility ability Cane/Crutches Walker / Rollator Manual Wheelchair K0001-K0007: Manual W/C (K0005) with power assist Scooter Power Wheelchair: standard joystick Power Wheelchair: alternative controls Summary: The least costly alternative for independent functional mobility was found to be:

Crutch/Cane Walker Manual w/c Manual w/c with power assist Scooter Power w/c std joystick Power w/c alternative control

Requires <u>dependent care</u> mobility device

Functional Processing Skills for Wheeled Mobility

Processing skills are adequate for safe mobility equipment operation \Box Yes \Box No

Patient is willing and motivated to use recommended mobility equipment \Box Yes \Box No

Patient is **<u>unable</u>** to safely operate mobility equipment independently and requires **<u>dependent care</u>** equipment

Comments:

Name: **Patient Measurements:**

Comments/drawings . . .

SENSATION and SKIN ISSUES:

Sensation	t ☐Hyposensate ☐Hypersensate ☐Defe	ensiveness				
Location(s) of impairment:	Location(s) of impairment:					
Pressure Relief Method(s): □Lean side	to side to offload (without risk of falling)	push up (4+ times/hour for 15+ seconds)				
🗖 Stand up	(without risk of falling) Dother: (Describe)					
Effective pressure relief method(s) above	can be performed consistently throughout th	ne day: 🛛 Yes 🗖 No				
If not, Why?						
Pressure Map Results: The above metho	od(s) provided effective pressure relief - \Box \	res 🗖 No				
Skin Issues/Skin Integrity Current skin Issues □Yes □No						
□ Intact □ Red area □ Open area	History of Skin Issues □Yes □No	Hx of skin flap surgeries □Yes □No				
Scar tissue At risk from prolonged sitting	Where	Where				
Where	When					
	Stage					
Pain: 🛛 Yes 🗇 No Location(s): Intensity scale: (0-10)						
low does pain interfere with mobility and/or MRADLs? -						

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Braden Scale For Predicting Pressure Sore Risk ©

SENSORY PERCEPTION Ability to respond meaningfully to pressure-related	1. COMPLETELY LIMITED Unresponsive (does not moan, flinch, or grasp) to painful stimuli,	2. VERY LIMITED -	3. SLIGHTLY LIMITED -	4. NO	
discomfort	due to diminished level of consciousness or sedation, OR limited ability to feel pain over most of body surface	Responds only to painful stimuli. Cannot communicate discomfort except by moaning or restlessness, OR has a sensory impairment which limits the ability to feel pain or discomfort over ½ of body.	Responds to verbal commands but cannot always communicate discomfort or need to be turned, OR has some sensory impairment which limits ability to feel pain or discomfort in 1 or 2 extremities.	IMPAIRMENT – Responds to verbal commands. Has no sensory deficit which would limit ability to feel or voice pain or discomfort.	
MOISTURE Degree to which skin is exposed to moisture	1. CONSTANTLY MOIST – Skin is kept moist almost constantly by perspiration, urine, etc. Dampness is detected every time patient is moved or turned.	2. OFTEN MOIST – Skin is often but not always moist. Linen must be changed at least once a shift.	3. OCCASIONALLY MOIST – Skin is occasionally moist, requiring an extra linen change approximately once a day.	4. RARELY MOIST – Skin is usually dry; linen only requires changing at routine intervals.	
ACTIVITY Degree of physical activity	1. BEDFAST – Confined to bed	2. CHAIRFAST – Ability to walk severely limited or nonexistent. Cannot bear own weight and/or must be assisted into chair or wheelchair	3. WALKS OCCASIONALLY – Walks occasionally during day, but for very short distances, with or without assistance. Spends majority of each shift in bed or chair.	4. WALKS FREQUENTLY– Walks outside the room at least twice a day and inside room at least once every 2 hours during waking hours.	
MOBILITY Ability to change and control body position	1. COMPLETELY IMMOBILE – Does not make even slight changes in body or extremity position without assistance.	2. VERY LIMITED – Makes occasional slight changes in body or extremity position but unable to make frequent or significant changes independently	3. SLIGHTLY LIMITED – Makes frequent though slight changes in body or extremity position independently	4. NO LIMITATIONS – Makes major and frequent changes in position without assistance.	
NUTRITION Usual food intake pattern 1NPO: Nothing by mouth. 2IV: Intravenously. 3TPN: Total parenteral nutrition.	 1. VERY POOR – Never eats a complete meal. Rarely eats more than 1/3 of any food offered. Eats 2 servings or less of protein (meat or dairy products) per day. Takes fluids poorly. Does not take a liquid dietary supplement, OR is NPO1 and/or maintained on clear liquids or IV2 for more than 5 days 	 2. PROBABLY INADEQUATE – Rarely eats a complete meal and generally eats only about ½ of any food offered. Protein intake includes only 3 servings of meat or dairy products per day. Occasionally will take a dietary supplement OR receives less than optimum amount of liquid diet or tube feeding. 	 3. ADEQUATE – Eats over half of most meals. Eats a total of 4 servings of protein (meat, dairy products) each day. Occasionally refuses a meal, but will usually take a supplement if offered, OR is on a tube feeding or TPN3 regimen, which probably meets most of nutritional needs. 	☐ 4. EXCELLENT - Eats most of every meal. Never refuses a meal. Usually eats a total of 4 or more servings of meat and dairy products. Occasionally eats between meals. Does not require supplementation.	
FRICTION AND SHEAR	☐ 1. PROBLEM - Requires moderate to maximum assistance in moving. Complete lifting without sliding against sheets is impossible. Frequently slides down in bed or chair, requiring frequent repositioning with maximum assistance. Spasticity, contractures, or agitation leads to almost constant friction.	☐ 2. POTENTIAL PROBLEM— Moves feebly or requires minimum assistance. During a move, skin probably slides to some extent against sheets, chair, restraints, or other devices. Maintains relatively good position in chair or bed most of the time but occasionally slides down.	3. NO APPARENT PROBLEM – Moves in bed and in chair independently and has sufficient muscle strength to lift up completely during move. Maintains good position in bed or chair at all times.		
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MAT EVALUATION:

Neuro-M	Neuro-Muscular Status: (Tone, Reflexive, Responses, etc.) 🗖 Intact					
Spasticit	у:					
	icity	sms DPoor Righting Reactions/I	Poor Equilibrium Reactions			
	eflex(s):					
Comments	:					
POSTURE				COMMENTS:		
	Anterior / Posterior	Obliquity (viewed from front)	Rotation-Pelvis	Tonal Influence Pelvis:		
P E	A and A		ABS ABS CAR			
L	A CA		and And Lind	Flaccid		
v		WFL R obliquity L obliquity	WFL Right Left			
I S	Neutral Posterior Anterior	WFL R obliquity L obliquity (L elev) (R elev)	WFL Right Left Anterior Anterior	☐ Spasticity ☐ Dystonia		
0	-			Pelvic thrust		
	☐ Fixed – No movement ☐ Tendency away from neutral	☐ Fixed – No movement ☐ Tendency away from neutral	☐ Fixed – No movement ☐ Tendency away from neutral	Other:		
	Flexible					
	Self-correction	Self-correction	Self-correction			
	External correction	External correction	External correction			
TRUNK	Anterior / Posterior	Left Right	Rotation-shoulders and	Tonal Influence		
INCININ		K K	upper trunk	Trunk:		
			A R	☐ Normal ☐ Flaccid		
	AL CE					
				Spasticity		
	WFL ↑ Thoracic ↑ Lumbar	WFL Convex Convex	☐ Neutral ☐Left-anterior	Dystonia		
	Kyphosis Lordosis	Left Right	Right-anterior	Other:		
	Fixed – No movement	\square Fixed – No movement	Fixed – No movement			
	Tendency away from neutral	Tendency away from neutral	Tendency away from neutral			
	Flexible	Flexible				
	Self-correction	Self-correction	Self-correction			
	External correction	External correction	External correction			
	Functional	Good head control	Describe Tone/Movement of	of head and neck:		
HEAD &	Flexed Extended	Adequate head control				
	□ Rotated R □ Lat flexed R □ Rotated L □ Lat flexed L	Limited head control				
	Cervical Hyperextension					

	Position	Windswept	Hip R.O.M / Strength
	前合新		WFL Right Left R/L Strength Limits Limits
н			Hip Flex R /5 L /5
I P	Neutral ABduct ADduct Subluxed Dislocated	Neutral Right Left	Hip Ext R/5 L/5
S	☐ Fixed – No movement ☐ Tendency away from neutral	☐ Tendency away from neutral ☐ Flexible	Hip ABd R/5 L/5
	Flexible	Self-correction	Hip ADd R /5 L /5
	Self-correction	External correction	Tone/Movements LE:
KNEES & FEET	Knee R.O.M. Right Left WFL WFL Limitations Limitations	Foot Positioning WFL R L ROM concerns: Dorsi-Flexed R L Plantar Flexed R L	 Normal □ Low tone □ Spasticity □ Flaccid □ Dystonia □ Rocks/Extends at hip □ Thrust into knee extension □ Pushes legs downward into footrest □ Edema LE □ 1+ □ Barely detectable impression when finger is pressed into skin.
		Inversion CRCL Eversion RCL	□ 2+ Slight indentation. 15 seconds to rebound
	Flex Grade R / 5 L / 5	Dorsi Grade R / 5 L / 5	Deeper indentation.
	Ext Grade R / 5 L / 5	Plantar Grade R /5 L / 5	30 seconds to rebound. 4+ > 30 seconds to rebound.
U P	SHOULDERS	R.O.M and Strength for UE	: Tone/Movement of
P	Tendency Towards:	Ũ	Left R/L Strength INormal Limits IFlaccid
E R	Right Left	Shider Flex	R /5 L /5 □Low tone
E	ElevationDepression	Shider ABd	R /5 L /5 Dspasticity
X T	ProtractionRetraction	Shider ADd	R /5 L/5
R E	□ Int-rotation □ □ Ext-rotation □	Elbow Flex	R/5 L/5
M I T		Elbow Ext	R /5 L/5 D _1+ D _2+ D _3+ D _4+ Describe:
T Y		Comments:	
	Handedness: □Right	WNL C Right	□ Left Flex Grade R / 5 L / 5
Wrist &	□Left □NA	Contractures Fisting	Image: Constraint of the second sec
Hand	Comments:	Tremors 🗖 Weak grasp 🗖	Image: Description of the strength in the str
		Poor dexterityIHand movementI	Grip Strength
		non-functional Paralysis 🗖	

MR#:

Name: MOBILITY BASE RECOMMENDATIONS and JUSTIFICATION:

MOBILITY BASE	JUSTIFICATION		
Manufacturer: Model: Color: Seat Width: Seat Depth Manual mobility base (continue below) Scooter/POV (continued on page 11) Power mobility base (cont. on pg 11)	 is not a safe, functional ambulator limitation prevents from completing a MRADL(s) within a reasonable time frame limitation places at high risk of morbidity or mortality secondary to the attempts to perform a MRADL(s) limitation prevents accomplishing a MRADL(s) entirely 	 provide independent mobility equipment is a lifetime medical need walker or cane inadequate any type manual wheelchair inadequate scooter/POV inadequate requires dependent mobility 	
Number of hours per day spent in above selecter Typical daily mobility base use schedule:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

MANUAL MOBILITY			
Standard manual wheelchair K0001 Arm: both both right left Standard hemi-manual wheelchair K0002 Arm: both both right left	 self-propels wheelchair will use on regular basis chair fits throughout home willing and motivated to use lower seat height required to foot propel short stature self-propels wheelchair will use on regular basis 	 propels with assistance dependent use chair fits throughout home willing and motivated to use propels with assistance dependent use 	
Lightweight manual wheelchair K0003 Arm: both right left Foot: both right left hemi height required	 medical condition and weight of wheelchair affect ability to self propel standard manual wheelchair in the residence can and does self-propel (marginal propulsion skills) 	 daily usehours chair fits throughout home willing and motivated to use lower seat height required to foot propel short stature 	
☐ High strength lightweight manual wheelchair (Breezy Ultra 4) K0004 Arm: □both □right □left Foot: □both □right □left	 medical condition and weight of wheelchair affect ability to self propel while engaging in frequent MRADL(s) that cannot be performed in a standard or lightweight manual wheelchair daily usehours 	 chair fits throughout home willing and motivated to use prevent repetitive use injuries lower seat height required to foot propel short stature 	

Name:		MR#:
Ultralightweight manual wheelchair K0005 Arm: both right left Foot: both right left Foot: both right left Front seat to floor inches Rear seat to floor inches Back height inches Back angle degrees Front angle degrees left left	 full-time manual wheelchair user Requires individualized fitting and optimal adjustments for multiple features that include adjustable axle configuration, fully adjustable center of gravity, wheel camber, seat and back angle, angle of seat slope, which cannot be accommodated by a K0001 through K0004 manual wheelchair prevent repetitive use injuries daily usehours 	□user has high activity patterns that frequently require them to go out into the community for the purpose of <u>independently</u> accomplishing high level MRADL activities. Examples of these might include a combination of; shopping, work, school, banking, childcare, independently loading and unloading from a vehicle etc. □lower seat height required to foot propel □short stature □heavy duty - weight over 250lbs
□ <u>Current chair is a K0005</u> manufacture: □First time K0005 user (complete trial)		
K0004 time and # of strokes to propel 30 fe		
K0005 time and # of strokes to propel 30 fe What was the result of the trial between the		
What features of the K0005 w/c are needed	d as compared to the K0004 base? Why?	,,
 adjustable seat and back angle changes efficient propulsion and proper weight dis the front of the wheelchair will be configured gravity to assist the user with postural state the center of the wheel will be positioned adjustable axle allows for vertical, horizor throughout the wheels for adjustment of adjustable axle increases the stability an accommodates the client's anatomical prall environments. Create a minimal fixed tilt-in space to assist Describe users full-time manual wheelchain 	stribution along the frame irred higher than the back of the chair to a ability for stability, safety and efficient propulsion ntal, camber and overall width changes the client's exact needs and abilities. d function of the chair allowing for adjustr osition in the chair maximizing independent sist in positioning.	llow on nent of the center of gravity. nce in mobility and maneuverability in

Name:		MR#:
Derived Power assist Comments:	 prevent repetitive use injuries repetitive strain injury present in shoulder girdle shoulder pain is (> or =) to 7/10 	☐user unwilling to use power wheelchair (reason)
☐ Heavy duty manual wheelchair K0006 Arm: □both □right □left Foot: □both □right □left □Dependent base □Extra heavy duty manual wheelchair K0007	during manual propulsion Current Pain/10 requires conservation of energy to participate in MRADL(s) unable to propel up ramps or curbs using manual wheelchair been K0005 user greater than one year user exceeds 250lbs non-functional ambulator extreme spasticity over active movement broken frame/hx of repeated repairs user exceeds 300lbs non-functional ambulator	 less expensive option to power wheelchair rim activated power assist – decreased strength able to self-propel in residence lower seat to floor height required unable to self-propel in residence lower seat to floor height required unable to self-propel in residence
Arm: both right left Foot: both right left hemi height required Dependent base Manual wheelchair with tilt E1161 (Manual "Tilt-n-Space")	 able to self-propel in residence patient is dependent for transfers patient requires frequent positioning for pressure relief 	patient requires frequent positioning for poor/absent trunk control
☐Stroller Base	 ☐ infant/child ☐ unable to propel manual wheelchair ☐ allows for growth ☐ non-functional ambulator 	 non-functional UE independent mobility is not a goal at this time
MANUAL FRAME OPTIONS		
Push handles <pre> Dextended □angle adjustable Istandard </pre>	□caregiver access □caregiver assist	allows "hooking" to enable increased ability to perform ADLs or maintain balance
☐Angle Adjustable Back	 postural control control of tone/spasticity accommodation of range of motion 	 UE functional control accommodation for seating system
Rear wheel placement Std/fixed fully adjustable camber degree removable rear wheel wheel size Wheel size	 improved UE access to wheels increase propulsion ability improved stability changing angle in space for improvement of postural stability remove for transport 	 allow for seating system to fit on base amputee placement 1-arm drive access R L enable propulsion of manual wheelchair with one arm amputee placement

Wheel rims/ Hand rims	Dprovide ability to propel manual Dincrease self-propulsion with h		
☐Standard	wheelchair weakness/decreased g		
Specialized			
☐Spoke protector/guard	□prevent hands from getting caught in spokes		
Tires: pneumatic flat free inserts	decrease roll resistance	prevent frequent flats	
□solid	☐increase shock absorbency	decrease maintenance	
Style:	decrease pain from road shock		
	decrease spasms from road shock		
Wheel Locks: □push □pull □scissor	□lock wheels for transfers	Iock wheels from rolling	
Brake/wheel lock extension: DR	allow user to operate wheel locks due	to decreased reach or strength	
Caster housing:	Imaneuverability	allows change in seat to floor	
Caster size:	☐stability of wheelchair	height	
Style:	□durability		
	☐ maintenance	Increase shock absorbency	
	angle adjustment for posture	decrease pain from road shock	
Suspension fork	allow for feet to come under wheelchair base	☐decrease spasms from road shock	
☐Side guards	prevent clothing getting caught in wheel or becoming soiled	eliminates contact between body and wheels	
	provide hip and pelvic stability	Iimit hand contact with wheels	
☐Anti-tippers	prevent wheelchair from tipping backward	☐assist caregiver with curbs	

POWER MOBILITY		
□Scooter/POV	□can safely operate □can safely transfer □has adequate trunk stability	 □cannot functionally propel manual wheelchair □
☐Power mobility base	 non-ambulatory cannot functionally propel manual wheelchair cannot functionally and safely operate scooter/POV 	 can safely operate power wheelchair home is accessible willing to use power wheelchair
Tilt Powered tilt on powered chair Powered tilt on manual chair Manual tilt on manual chair Comments:	 change position for pressure relief/cannot weight shift change position against gravitational force on head and shoulders decrease pain blood pressure management control autonomic dysreflexia decrease respiratory distress 	 management of spasticity management of low tone facilitate postural control rest periods control edema increase sitting tolerance aid with transfers

Recline Power recline on power chair Manual recline on manual chair Comments:	 intermittent catheterization manage spasticity accommodate femur to back angle change position for pressure relief/cannot weight shift high risk of pressure sore development tilt alone does not accomplish effective pressure relief, maximum pressure relief achieved at - degrees tilt degrees recline 	 difficult to transfer to and from bed rest periods and sleeping in chair repositioning for transfers bring to full recline for ADL care clothing/diaper changes in chair gravity PEG tube feeding head positioning decrease pain blood pressure management control autonomic dysreflexia decrease respiratory distress user on ventilator
Elevator on mobility base	☐increase Indep in transfers	raise height for eye contact which
Power wheelchair	☐increase Indep in ADLs	reduces cervical neck strain and
Scooter	☐bathroom function and safety	pain
	kitchen/cooking function and safety	drive at raised height for safety
	☐ shopping	and navigating crowds
	☐raise height for communication at	Other:
	standing level	
Vertical position system (anterior tilt)	Independent weight bearing	access to counters and cabinets
(Drive locks-out)	decrease joint contractures	☐increase reach
□Stand	decrease/manage spasticity	☐increase interaction with others at
(Drive enabled)	decrease/manage spasms	eye level, reduces neck strain
	Dpressure distribution away from	☐increase performance of
	scapula, sacrum, coccyx, and ischial	_MRADL(s)
	tuberosity	
	☐ increase digestion and elimination	_
Power elevating legrest	□position legs at 90 degrees, not	decrease edema
	available with std power ELR	□ improve circulation
Center mount (Single) 85-170 degrees	Center mount tucks into chair to decrease turning radius in home,	actuator needed to elevate legrest
	not available with std power ELR	actuator needed to articulate legrest
	Dprovide change in position for LE	preventing knees from flexing Increase ground clearance over
Standard (Pair) 100-170 degrees	Delevate legs during recline	curbs
	☐maintain placement of feet on	STD (pair) independently
	footplate	elevate legrest
POWER WHEELCHAIR CONTROLS		
Controls/input device	provides access for controlling	lacks motor control to operate
Expandable Non-expandable	wheelchair	proportional drive control
Proportional Right Hand Left Hand	programming for accurate control	unable to understand proportional
Non-proportional/switches/head-array	Dprogressive disease/changing	controls
Electrical/proximity Mechanical	condition	Iimited movement/strength
Manufacturar	required for alternative drive	Dextraneous movement / tremors /
Manufacturer:	controls	ataxic / spastic
Туре:		

Name: MR#: **Upgraded electronics** allows input device to communicate Ineeded in order to operate controller/harness with drive motors power seat functions through joystick/ input device harness provides necessary Single power (tilt or recline) **I**required for alternative drive connections between the controller, **Expandable Non-expandable** plus input device, and seat functions controls Multi-power (tilt, recline, power legrest, power seat lift, vertical positioning system, stand) **Enhanced display I**required to connect all alternative Allows user to see in which mode drive controls and drive the wheelchair is set; necessary for alternate controls **I**required for upgraded joystick (lite-throw, heavy duty, micro) **Upgraded tracking electronics** Correct tracking when on uneven □ increase safety when driving surfaces □ increase ability to traverse Imakes switch driving more efficient thresholds and less fatiguing Safety / reset / mode switches Used to change modes and stop the wheelchair when driving Type: **Mount for joystick / input device/** provides for consistent access Swing away for access or switches transfers Imidline for optimal placement □attaches joystick / input device / switches to wheelchair Attendant controlled joystick plus **□**safety **C**compliance with transportation regulations mount □ long distance driving Operation of seat functions Battery Irequired to power (power assist / scooter/ power wc / other): □required for ventilator / respiratory equipment / other: Power inverter (24V to 12V)

CHAIR OPTIONS MANUAL 8		
Armrests adjustable height □removable swing away □fixed flip back □reclining full length pads □desk □tube arms gel pads	 provide support with elbow at 90 remove/flip back/swing away for transfers provide support and positioning of upper body 	 allow to come closer to table top remove for access to tables provide support for w/c tray change of height/angles for variable activities
☐Elbow support / Elbow stop	keep elbow positioned on arm pad	keep arms from falling off arm pad during tilt and/or recline
Upper Extremity Support □Arm trough □ R □ L Style: □swivel mount □ fixed mount □posterior hand support 1½ tray □full tray □ joystick cut out □ R □ L Style:	 decrease gravitational pull on shoulders provide support to increase UE function provide hand support in natural position position flaccid UE decrease subluxation decrease edema 	 manage spasticity provide midline positioning provide work surface placement for AAC/Computer/EADL

Hangers/ Legrests	
degree Delevating articulating Daraintain placement of feet on Dprovide change in position f	or LE's
□swing away □fixed □lift off footplate □elevate legs during recline	
heavy duty adjustable knee angle	
adjustable calf panel accommodate to hamstring durability	
□longer extension tube tightness □	
Foot support Image: Description of the support Image: Description of the support	
□footplate □R □L □flip up □accommodate to ankle ROM □	
depthadjustable adjustable	
foot board/one piece base	
Shoe holders Desition foot Stability	
decrease / manage spasticity dsafety	
Control position of LE	
Ankle strap/heel Support foot on foot support Dprovide input to heel	
loops	
Amputee adapter DR DL DProvide support for stump/residual	
extremity	
Style:	
Size:	
Transportation tie-down Ito provide crash tested tie-down brackets	
Crutch/cane holder DO2 holder	
□IV hanger □Ventilator tray/mount □	
Component Justification	
Component Justification Seat cushion Stabilize/promote pelvis aligned	
Component Justification Seat cushion	
Component Justification Seat cushion	nment
Component Justification Seat cushion	nment
Component Justification Seat cushion accommodate impaired stabilize/promote pelvis aligned is sensation Image: Component of the senset of	nment
Component Justification Seat cushion accommodate impaired stabilize/promote pelvis aligned is sensation decubitus ulcers present or accommodate obliquity history accommodate multiple deformed incontinent/accidents increase pressure distribution low maintenance	nment
Component Justification Seat cushion accommodate impaired stabilize/promote pelvis aligned sensation decubitus ulcers present or accommodate obliquity accommodate obliquity history accommodate multiple deformed unable to shift weight incontinent/accidents increase pressure distribution low maintenance prevent pelvic extension	nment
Component Justification Seat cushion	nment
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Component	Justification		
□Back	 provide posterior trunk support provide lumbar/sacral support support trunk in midline provide lateral trunk support accommodate or decrease tone 	 facilitate tone accommodate deformity custom required "off-the-shelf" back support will not accommodate deformity 	
Back mounts fixed removable Lateral trunk R supports Itixed swing-away	attach <u>back</u> rest/cushion to wheelcha decrease lateral trunk leaning accommodate asymmetry contour for increased contact	☐safety ☐control of tone ☐	
Supports mounts Inixed I swing-away Supports mounts Iremovable Anterior chest strap, vest	 mounts lateral trunk supports decrease forward movement of shoulder decrease forward movement of trunk safety/stability 	 mounts lateral trunk supports swing- away or removable for transfers added abdominal support trunk alignment assistance with shoulder control decrease shoulder elevation 	
☐Headrest	 provide posterior head support provide posterior neck support provide lateral head support provide anterior head support support during tilt and recline improve feeding 	☐ improve respiration ☐ placement of switches ☐ safety ☐ accommodate ROM ☐ accommodate tone ☐ improve visual orientation	
Headrest fixed removable flip down mounting hardward swing-away laterals/switches	 mount headrest mounts headrest flip down or removable for transfers 	☐ mount headrest swing-away laterals ☐ mount switches ☐	
□Neck Support	decrease neck rotation	decrease forward neck flexion	
Pelvic Positioner □std hip belt □padded hip belt □dual pull hip belt □four point hip belt	 stabilize tone decrease falling out of chair prevent excessive extension special pull angle to control rotation 	 pad for protection over boney prominence promote comfort 	
□Essential needs bag/pouch □	medicines special food ortho catheter/hygiene ostomy supplie	• • •	

functional conditions would be the exceptions.

Why mobility device was selected; include why a lower level device is not appropriate:

SIGNATURE:

As the evaluating therapist, I hereby attest that I have personally completed this evaluation and that I am not an employee of or working under contract to the manufacturer(s) or the provider(s) of the durable medical equipment recommended in my evaluation. I further attest that I have not and will not receive remuneration of any kind from the manufacturer(s) or the durable medical equipment provider(s) for the equipment I have recommended with this evaluation.

Therapist name printed:	License:
Therapist's signature:	Date:

I concur with the above findings and recommendations of the therapist:

Physician name printed:	
Physician's signature:	Date: